

Are Benchmark Returns Transaction- or Holdings-Based?

Mary Cait McCarthy, CFA, FRM



Holdings-Based Returns

$$P_{b/h} = \sum_{i=1}^I w_i * r_{b/h,i}$$

$$w_i = \frac{\text{holdings}_{b,i} * (\text{price}_{b,i} + \text{accrued}_{b,i})}{\sum_{j=1}^I \text{holdings}_{b,j} (\text{price}_{b,j} + \text{accrued}_{b,j})}$$

$$r_{b/h} = 100 * \left[\frac{\text{price}_e + \text{accrued}_e + \text{dividend} + \text{coupon}}{\text{price}_b + \text{accrued}_b} - 1 \right]$$

Source: Bonafede, J. K. and M. C. McCarthy, 2003. "Transaction-based vs. Holdings-based Attribution: the Devil is in the Definitions." The Journal of Performance Measurement 8(1): 42 - 51.

Transaction-Based Returns

$$P_t = \sum_{i=1}^I W_i * r_{t,i}$$

$$W_i = \frac{\text{market_value}_{b,i}}{\sum_{j=1}^I \text{market_value}_{b,j}}$$

$$r_t = 100 * \left[\frac{\text{market_value}_e - \text{cash_flow}}{\text{market_value}_b} - 1 \right]$$

Source: Bonafede, J. K. and M. C. McCarthy, 2003. "Transaction-based vs. Holdings-based Attribution: the Devil is in the Definitions." The Journal of Performance Measurement 8(1): 42 - 51.

Benchmark Returns

$$PriceIndexLevelUSD_t = PriceIndexLevelUSD_{t-1} * \frac{IndexAdjustedMarketCapUSD_t}{IndexInitialMarketCapUSD_t}$$

IndexAdjustedMarketCapUSD_t =

$$\sum_{s \in I, t} \frac{EndOfDayNumberOfShares_{t-1} * PricePerShare_t * InclusionFactor_t * PAF_t}{FXrate_t}$$

IndexInitialMarketCapUSD_t =

$$\sum_{s \in I, t} \frac{EndOfDayNumberOfShares_{t-1} * PricePerShare_{t-1} * InclusionFactor_t}{FXrate_{t-1}}$$

Source: MSCI_Index_Calculation_Methodology_20240301.pdf, pgs. 6-7

In Which Cases Are Transaction- and Holdings-Based Returns the Same?

$$r_{b/h} = 100 * \left[\frac{\textit{price}_e + \textit{accrued}_e + \textit{dividend} + \textit{coupon}}{\textit{price}_b + \textit{accrued}_b} - 1 \right]$$

$$r_t = 100 * \left[\frac{\textit{market_value}_e - \textit{cash_flow}}{\textit{market_value}_b} - 1 \right]$$

- With no transactions/cash flows
- With dividends/coupons, when dividend + coupon = - cash flow
- With (buy/sell) transactions, when transactions occur at end price (plus accrued)
=> adjustment to end price (plus accrued) equals the cash flow

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